

Features

- Ultra-Fast, 6ns Propagation Delay
- 1.3mA (Typ.) Low Power Consumption
- Single-Supply Operation from +2.7V ~ +5.5V
- Low Offset Voltage: 3mV (Max.)
- · Rail-to-Rail Input and Output
- CMOS/TTL-Compatible Output

- Internal Hysteresis for Clean Switching
- No Phase Reversal for Overdriven Inputs
- Operating Temperature: -40°C ~ +85°C
- Small Package:

GS8745 Available in SOP-8 and MSOP-8 Packages

General Description

The GS8745 is low-power, ultra-high-speed comparator with internal hysteresis, optimized for systems powered from a 3V or 5V supply. The device features high-speed response, low-power consumption, low offset voltage, and rail-to-rail input and output range. Propagation delay is 6ns (100mV overdrive), while supply current is 1.3mA per comparator. The internal input hysteresis eliminates output switching due to internal input noise voltage. The maximum input offset voltage is 3mV, and the operating range is from 2.7V to 5.5V.

All devices are specified for the temperature range of -40 $^{\circ}$ C to +85 $^{\circ}$ C. The GS8745 Dual is available in Green SOP-8 and MSOP-8 packages.

Applications

- · High-speed Line or Digital Line Receivers
- · High Speed Sampling Circuits
- Peak and Zero-crossing Detectors
- Logic Level Shifting or Translation

- Clock and Data Signal Restoration
- Window Comparator
- IR Receivers
- Portable Systems

Pin Configuration

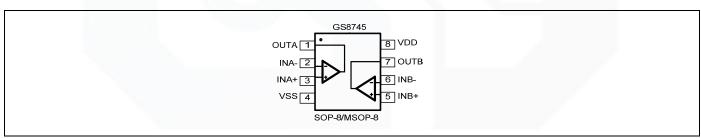


Figure 1. Pin Assignment Diagram



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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Condition	Min	Max
Power Supply Voltage (V _{DD} to Vss)	-0.5V	+7.5V
Analog Input Voltage (IN+ or IN-)	Vss-0.5V	V _{DD} +0.5V
PDB Input Voltage	Vss-0.5V	+7V
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C	+85°C
Junction Temperature		+160°C
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C	+150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)		+260°C
Package Thermal Resistance (T _A =+25℃)		
SOP-8, θ _{JA}		125°C/W
MSOP-8, θ _{JA}		216°C/W
SOT23-5, θ _{JA}		190°C/W
SOT23-6, θ _{JA}		190°C/W
SC70-5, θ _{JA}		333°C/W
ESD Susceptibility		
НВМ		4KV
MM		300V

Note: Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Package/Ordering Information

MODEL	CHANNEL	ORDER NUMBER	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE OPTION	MARKING INFORMATION
000745 Dual	GS8745-SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel,4000	GS8745	
GS8745	Dual	GS8745-MR	MSOP-8	Tape and Reel,3000	GS8745







Electrical Characteristics

(At $V_S = +5V$, $V_{CM} = 0V$, $C_L = 15pF$, and $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL CONDITIONS					
PARAMETER	STWIDGE	CONDITIONS	TYP	MIN	MAX	UNITS
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	V _{CM} = 0V	0.4		3	mV
Input Bias Current	I _B		6			pА
Input Offset Current	Ios		4			pA
Input Hysteresis	V _{hys}		3			mV
Common-Mode Voltage Range	V _{CM}	V _S = 5.5V	-0.1 to +5.6			V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	V _S = 5V, V _{CM} = 0V to 5V	77	60		dB
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Voltage Swing from Rail	V _{OH}		Vs - 0.166		Vs - 0.25	V
	V _{OL}	Vs=5V, I _O = 4mA	132		211	mV
	I _{SOURCE}	V 5V 0:44- V /0	42.6	30		mA
Output Short-Circuit Current	I _{SINK}	$V_S = 5V$, Out to $V_S/2$	43.7	31		
POWER SUPPLY						
			2.7			V
Operating Voltage Range			5.5		Vs - 0.25 211	V
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_S = +2.7V \text{ to } +5.5V, V_{CM} = 0V$	74	58		dB
Quiescent Current / Comparator	ΙQ		1.3			mA
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE (CL	= 15pF)					
	T _{dLH}	V _S = 3V, Overdrive = 10mV	11			ns
Propagation Delay (Low to High)		V _S = 3V, Overdrive = 100mV	6		58 c	ns
D	T_{dHL}	V _S = 3V, Overdrive = 10mV	11			ns
Propagation Delay (High to Low)		V _S = 3V, Overdrive = 100mV	6			ns
Rise Time	Tr	V _S = 3V, Overdrive = 10mV	3.6			ns
		V _S = 3V, Overdrive = 100mV	3.5			ns
Fall Time	T _f	V _S = 3V, Overdrive = 10mV	3.1			ns
Fall Time		V _S = 3V, Overdrive = 100mV	3			ns

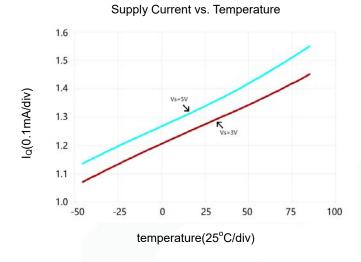




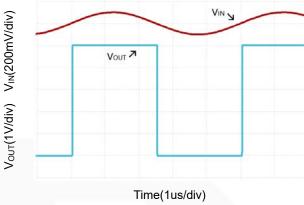


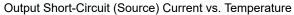
Typical Performance characteristics

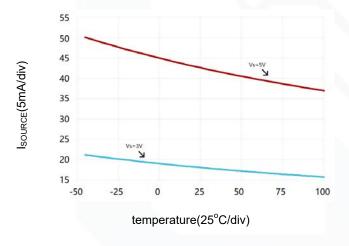
At T_A =+25°C, V_S =+5V, and C_L =15pF, unless otherwise noted.



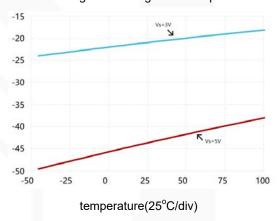
Sinusoid Response at 0.2MHz VIN Y







Small Signal Inverting Pulse Response



I_{SINK}(5mA/div)

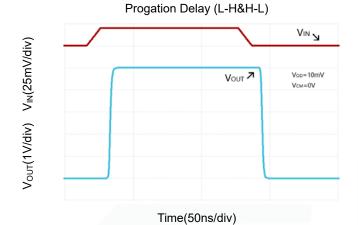


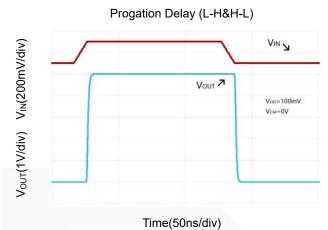
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Typical Performance characteristics

At T_A =+25°C, V_S =+5V, and C_L =15pF, unless otherwise noted.





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Application Note

Size

GS8745 comparator is low-power, ultra-high-speed and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. The small footprints of the packages saves space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products. The GS8745 interfaces directly to CMOS and TTL logics.

Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout

GS8745 operates from a single 2.7V to 5.5V supply or dual ± 1.35 V to ± 2.75 V supplies. For best performance, a $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the V_{DD} pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both V_{DD} and V_{SS} supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitors.

Low Supply Current

The low supply current (typical 1.3mA per channel) of GS8745 will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal for battery powered systems.

Operating Voltage

GS8745 operates under wide input supply voltage (2.7V to 5.5V). In addition, all temperature specifications apply from -40 °C to +85 °C. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-Ion battery lifetime

Rail-to-Rail Input

The input common-mode range of GS8745 extends 100mV beyond the supply rails (V_{SS} -0.1V to V_{DD} +0.1V). This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

Internal Hysteresis

Because of noise or undesired parasitic feedback, high-speed comparators oscillate in the linear region. Oscillation tends to occur when the voltage on one input is at or equal to the voltage on the other input. The SGM8744 family eliminates this undesired oscillation by integrating an internal hysteresis of 3mV.

The hysteresis in a comparator creates two trip points: one for the rising input voltage and one for the falling input voltage (Figure 1). The difference between two trip points is the hysteresis, while the average of two trip points is the offset voltage. When the comparator's input voltages are equal, the hysteresis effectively causes one comparator input voltage to move quickly past the other, thus taking the input out of the region where oscillation occurs.

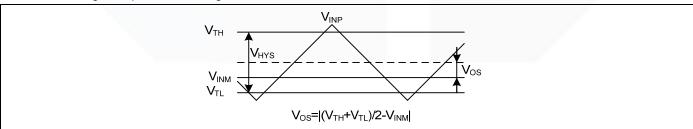


Figure 1. Comparator's hysteresis and offset

External Hysteresis

Greater flexibility in selecting hysteresis is achieved by using external resistors. Hysteresis reduces output chattering when one input is slowly moving past the other.







Non-Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis

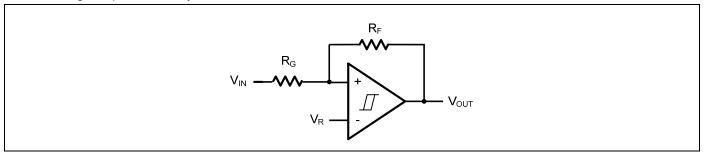


Figure 2. Non-Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis

A non-inverting comparator with hysteresis requires a two-resistor network, as shown in Figure 2 and a voltage reference (V_R) at the inverting input.

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{TH}} &= \frac{R_{\mathrm{G}} + R_{\mathrm{F}}}{R_{\mathrm{F}}} \times \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{R}} \\ \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{TL}} &= \frac{R_{\mathrm{G}} + R_{\mathrm{F}}}{R_{\mathrm{F}}} \times \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{R}} - \frac{R_{\mathrm{G}}}{R_{\mathrm{F}}} \times \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \\ \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{HYS}} &= \frac{R_{\mathrm{G}}}{R_{\mathrm{F}}} \times \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \end{split}$$

Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis

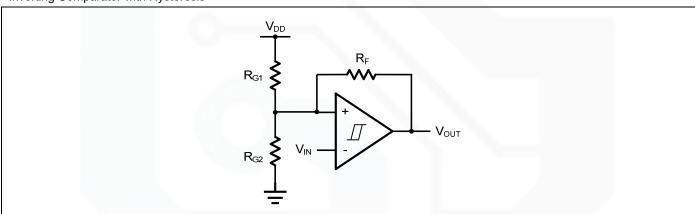


Figure 3. Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis

The inverting comparator with hysteresis requires a three-resistor network that is referenced to the comparator supply voltage (V_{DD}) , as shown in Figure 3.

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{V}_{\text{TH}} &= \frac{R_{\text{G2}}}{R_{\text{G1}} \parallel R_{\text{F}} + R_{\text{G2}}} \times \mathbf{V}_{\text{DD}} \\ \mathbf{V}_{\text{TL}} &= \frac{R_{\text{G2}} \parallel R_{\text{F}}}{R_{\text{G2}} \parallel R_{\text{F}} + R_{\text{G1}}} \times \mathbf{V}_{\text{DD}} \\ \mathbf{V}_{\text{HYS}} &= \frac{R_{\text{G1}} \parallel R_{\text{G2}}}{R_{\text{G1}} \parallel R_{\text{G2}} + R_{\text{F}}} \times \mathbf{V}_{\text{DD}} \end{split}$$







Typical Application Circuits

Line Receiver

A Line Receiver using GS8745 is shown in Figure 4. Resistors R_{G1} and R_{G2} set the bias point at the comparator's inverting input. R_{IN} should be same as $R_{G1}||R_{G2}$ to get a better match. GS8745 detects the voltage of the Coax Line, and outputs logic high or logic low quickly with no glitch.

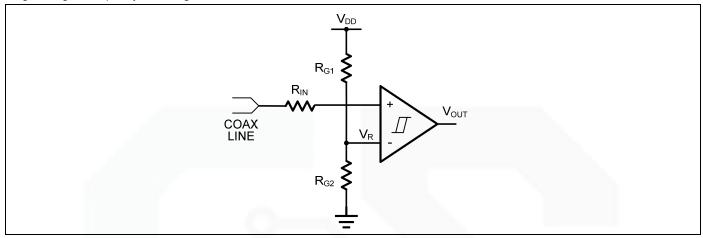


Figure 4. Line Receiver

IR Receiver

GS8745 is an ideal candidate to be used as an infrared receiver shown in Figure 5. The infrared photo diode creates a current relative to the amount of infrared light present. The current creates a voltage across R_{IN} . When this voltage level cross the voltage applied by the voltage divider to the inverting input, the output transitions. Optional R_F provides additional hysteresis for noise immunity.

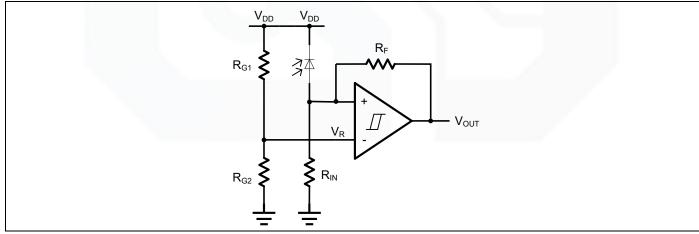


Figure 5. IR Receiver







Oscillator

A oscillator using GS8745 is shown in Figure 6. Resistors R_{G1} and R_{G2} set the bias point at the comparator's inverting input. The period of oscillator is set by the time constant of R_C and C_{IN} . The maximum frequency is limited by the large signal propagation delay of the comparator. GS8745's low propagation delay guarantees the high frequency oscillation. If R_{G1} = R_{G2} = R_F , then the frequency of the oscillator is:

$$\mathbf{f}_{\text{OSC}} = \frac{1}{2 \times \ln 2 \times R_{\text{C}} \times C_{\text{IN}}}$$

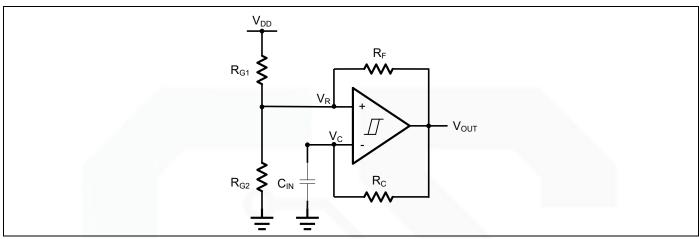


Figure 6. Instrument Amplifier

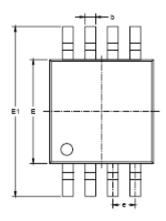


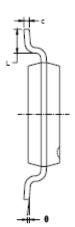


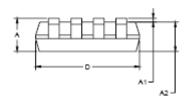


Package Information

MSOP-8

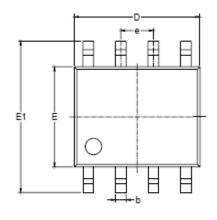




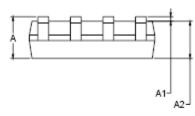


Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
-	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	0.820	1.100	0.032	0.043
A1	0.020	0.150	0.001	0.008
A2	0.750	0.950	0.030	0.037
b	0.250	0.380	0.010	0.015
С	0.090	0.230	0.004	0.009
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
E1	4.750	5.050	0.187	0.199
e	0.650 BSC		0.026 BSC	
L	0.400	0.800	0.016	0.031
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°

SOP-8







Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020
С	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244
e	1.27 BSC		0.050	BSC
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
е	0°	8°	0°	8°

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