

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The 8-bit non-inverting translator is a bidirectional voltage-level translator and can be used to establish digital switching compatibility between mixed-voltage systems. It uses two separate configurable power-supply rails, with the A ports supporting operating voltages from 1.2V to 5.5V while it tracks the V_{CCA} supply, and the B ports supporting operating voltages from 1.2V to 5.5V while it tracks the V_{CCB} supply. This allows the support of both lower and higher logic signal levels while providing bidirectional translation capabilities between any of the 1.2V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V and 5V voltage nodes.

When the output-enable (OE) input is low, all I/Os are placed in the high-impedance state, which significantly reduces the power-supply quiescent current consumption. OE has an internal pull-down current source, as long as V_{CCA} is powered.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, OE should be tied to GND through a pull-down resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

Applications:

- Automotive infotainment
- Advanced Driver Assistance System (ADAS)
- Telematics

FEATURES

- No Direction-Control
- Data Rates: 24Mbps (Push-Pull) 2Mbps (Open-Drain)
- 1.2V to 5.5V on A ports and 1.2V to 5.5V on B Ports (V_{CCA}≤V_{CCB})
- V_{CC} Isolation: If Either V_{CC} is at GND, Both Ports are in the High-Impedance State
- No Power-Supply Sequencing Required: Either V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} can be Ramped First
- I_{off}: Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation
- Extended Temperature: -40°C to +85°C
- Packages: TSSOP-20

ORDERING INFORMATION:

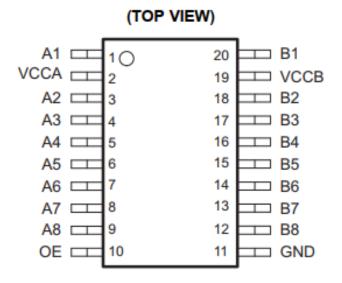
Part Number	Package	Ordering Number	Packing Option	Marking Information
GS0108	TSSOP-20	GS0108-TR	Tape and Real, 3000	GS0108







PIN DESCRIPTION



Name	TSSOP-20	Туре	Function
A1	1	I/O	Input/output A1. Reference to V _{CCA} .
VCCA	2	Р	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
A2	3	I/O	Input/output A2. Reference to V _{CCA} .
A3	4	I/O	Input/output A3. Reference to V_{CCA} .
A4	5	I/O	Input/output A4. Reference to V _{CCA} .
A5	6	I/O	Input/output A5. Reference to V _{CCA} .
A6	7	I/O	Input/output A6. Reference to V _{CCA} .
A7	8	I/O	Input/output A7. Reference to V _{CCA} .
A8	9	I/O	Input/output A8. Reference to V _{CCA} .
OE	10	Ι	Output Enable (Active High). Pull OE low to place all outputs in 3-state mode. Referenced to V _{CCA} .
GND	11	_	Ground.
B8	12	I/O	Input/output B8. Reference to V _{CCB} .
B7	13	I/O	Input/output B7. Reference to V _{CCB} .
B6	14	I/O	Input/output B6. Reference to V _{CCB} .
B5	15	I/O	Input/output B5. Reference to V _{CCB} .
B4	16	I/O	Input/output B4. Reference to V _{CCB} .
B3	17	I/O	Input/output B3. Reference to V _{CCB} .
B2	18	I/O	Input/output B2. Reference to V _{CCB} .
Vccb	19	Р	B Ports Supply Voltage $1.2V \le V_{CCB} \le 5.5V$.
B1	20	I/O	Input/output B1. Reference to V _{CCB} .







SPECIFICATIONS

Absolute Maximum Ratings :

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply voltage range	V _{CCA}	-0.3	6.0		
Supply voltage range	V _{CCB}	-0.3	6.0		
	A port		-0.3	6.0	
Input voltage range ^[2]	B port	VI	-0.3	6.0	
	OE		-0.3	6.0	v
Voltage range applied to any output in	A port		-0.3	6.0	
the high-impedance or power-off state ^[2]	B port	Vo	-0.3	6.0	
Voltage range applied to any output in	A port	17	-0.3	V _{CCA} +0.3	
the high or low state ^{[2] [3]}	B port	Vo	-0.3	V _{CCB} +0.3	
Input clamp current	VI<0	I _{IK}		-50	
Out clamp current	VO<0	I _{OK}		-25	
Continuous output current		Io		±50	mA
Continuous current through V _{CCA} , V _{CC}			±100	1	
Junction temperature				150	°C
Storage temperature		T _{STG}	-65	150	°C

Over recommended operating free-air temperature range (-40°C to 85°C, unless otherwise noted.)^[1]

Note:

[1] Stress greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "Recommended Operating Conditions" is not implied. Exposure to "Absolute Maximum Ratings" for extended periods may affect device reliability.

[2] The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

[3] The value of V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} are provided in the recommended operating conditions table.

ESD Ratings:

Parameter	Symbol		Max	Unit
	I _{ESD}	Latch up current	500	mA
Electrostatic discharge	T.	Human-body model (HBM)	± 5000	V
Lieenes and anothing.	V_{ESD}	Charge device model (CDM) ±2000		v

ESD SENSITIVITY CAUTION

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.







Recommanded Operating Range:

Parameter	Symbol	(Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
Sumply Valtage	V _{CCA}				5.5	V
Supply Voltage	V _{CCB}			1.2	5.5	V
		A nort I/Os	V_{CCA} =1.65V to 1.95V V_{CCB}=2.3V to 5.5V	V _{CCI} -0.2	V _{CCI}	
High-level input voltage	V	A-port I/Os	$V_{CCA}=2.3V$ to 5.5V $V_{CCB}=2.3V$ to 5.5V	V _{CCI} -0.4	V _{CCI}	V
		B-port I/Os	V_{CCA} =1.65V to 5.5V V_{CCB} =2.3V to 5.5V	V _{CCI} -0.4	V _{CCI}	v
		OE input	V_{CCA} =1.65V to 5.5V V_{CCB} =2.3V to 5.5V	V _{CCA} -0.8	5.5	
		A-port I/Os	V_{CCA} =1.65V to 5.5V V_{CCB} =2.3V to 5.5V	0	0.15	
Low-level input voltage	$V_{I\!L}$	B-port I/Os	V_{CCA} =1.65V to 5.5V V_{CCB} =2.3V to 5.5V	0	0.15	V
		OE input	V_{CCA} =1.65V to 5.5V V_{CCB} =2.3V to 5.5V	0	V _{CCA} ×0.25	
.		A-port I/0	Os push-pull driving		10	
Input transition rise or fall	t _r ,t _f	B-port I/C	Os push-pull driving		10	ns/V
		Control input			10	
Operating Temperature	T _A			-40	85	°C

Note:

[1] V_{CCA} must be less than or equal to V_{CCB} .

[2] The maximum V_{IL} value is provided to ensure that a valid V_{OL} is maintained. The V_{OL} value is V_{IL} plus the voltage drop across the pass gate transistor.









Electrical Characteristics:

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	Min	ТҮР	Max	Unit
V _{OHA}	Port A output high voltage	$I_{OH} = -20\mu A,$ $V_{IB} \ge V_{CCB} - 0.4V$	1.65V to 5.5V	2.3V to 5.5V	$V_{CCA} \times 0.7$		5.5	
V _{OLA}	Port A output low voltage	I _{OL} =1mA, V _{IB} ≤0.15V	1.65V to 5.5V	2.3V to 5.5V			0.3	V
V _{OHB}	Port B output high voltage	$I_{OH} = -20 \mu A,$ $V_{IA} \ge V_{CCA} - 0.4 V$	1.65V to 5.5V	2.3V to 5.5V	$V_{\rm CCB} \times 0.7$			v
V _{OLB}	Port B output low voltage	I _{OL} =1mA, V _{IA} ≤0.15V	1.65V to 5.5V	2.3V to 5.5V			0.3	
I_{I}	Input leakage current	OE	1.65V to 5.5V	2.3V to 5.5V			±1 ±1.5	
I _{OFF}	Partial power	A port	0V	0V to 5.5V			±0.5 ±1	
IOFF	down current	B port	0V to 5.5V	0V			±0.5 ±1	
I _{OZ}	High-impedance State output current	A or B port, OE=0V	1.65V to 5.5V	2.3V to 5.5V			±0.5 ±1	
	V _{CCA} supply	V _I =V _O =Open,	1.65V to 5.5V	2.3V to 5.5V			1.0	
I _{CCA}	current		5.5V	0V			1.0	μΑ
			0V	5.5V			-1	
	V supply	V.V. onen	$1.65V$ to V_{CCB}	2.3V to 5.5V			10	
I _{CCB}	$ \begin{array}{c c} & V_{CCB} \text{ supply} & V_{I} = V_{O} = \text{open}, \\ & \text{current} & I_{O} = 0 \text{mA} \end{array} $	$V_{I}=V_{O}=0$ open, $I_{O}=0$ mA	5.5V	0V			-1	
	current	10–0111A	0V	5.5V			1	
I _{CCA} +I _{CCB}	Combined supply current	$V_I = V_{CCI} \text{ or open}$, $I_O = 0 \text{mA}$	$1.65V$ to V_{CCB}	2.3V to 5.5V			15	
I _{CCZA}	V _{CCA} supply current	$V_{I}=V_{CCI} \text{ or } 0V,$ $I_{O} = 0mA, OE=0V$	1.65V to V_{CCB}	2.3V to 5.5V			1	
I _{CCZB}	V _{CCB} supply current	$V_{I}=V_{CCI} \text{ or } 0V,$ $I_{O} = 0mA, OE=0V$	2.3V to 5.5V	2.3V to 5.5V			1	
CI	Input capacitance	OE	3.3V	3.3V		2.5		
	Input-to-output	A port	3.3V	3.3V		5		pF
C _{IO}	internal capacitance	B port	3.3V	3.3V		5		Ъ.

Limits in standard typeface are for $TA = +25^{\circ}C$, bold typeface applies over TA = -40 to $+85^{\circ}C$.

Note:

 V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port. V_{CCA} must be less than or equal to V_{CCB} .







TIMING REQUIREMENT

V_{CCA} =1.2V±0.15V

		V _{ССВ} =2.5V±0.2V (ТҮР)	V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.2V (TYP)	V _{CCB} =5V±0.2V (TYP)	Unit	
Data rata	Push-pull driving	20	21	24	Mhna	
Data rate	Open-drain driving	2	2	2	Mbps	
Pulse	Push-pull driving(data inputs)	50	47	41	20	
duration	Open-drain driving(data inputs)	500	500	500	ns	

V_{cca} =1.8V±0.15V

		V _{CCB} =2.5V±0.2V (TYP)	V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.2V (TYP)	V _{CCB} =5V±0.2V (TYP)	Unit
Data rata	Push-pull driving	21	22	24	Mhna
Data rate	Open-drain driving	2	2	2	Mbps
Pulse	Push-pull driving(data inputs)	47	45	41	
duration	Open-drain driving(data inputs)	500	500	500	ns

V_{CCA} =2.5V±0.15V

		V _{CCB} =2.5V±0.2V (ТҮР)	V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.2V (TYP)	V _{CCB} =5V±0.2V (TYP)	Unit
Data rata	Push-pull driving	20	22	24	Mhna
Data rate	Open-drain driving	2	2	2	Mbps
Pulse	Push-pull driving(data inputs)	50	45	41	
duration	Open-drain driving(data inputs)	500	500	500	ns

V_{CCA} =3.3V±0.15V

		V _{CCB} =2.5V±0.2V (TYP)	V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.2V (TYP)	Unit
Data rate	Push-pull driving	23	24	Mhana
Data rate	Open-drain driving	2	2	Mbps
Dulas dunation	Push-pull driving(data inputs)	43	41	
Pulse duration	Open-drain driving(data inputs)	500	500	ns

V_{cca} =5.0V±0.15V

		V _{CCB} =2.5V±0.2V (TYP)	Unit
Data vata	Push-pull driving	24	Mhaa
Data rate	Push-pull driving 24 Open-drain driving 2	2	Mbps
Dulas dunation	Push-pull driving(data inputs)	41	
Pulse duration	Open-drain driving(data inputs)	500	ns







Switching Characteristics: $V_{ccA} = 1.2V \pm 0.15V$

Over recommended operating free-air temperature range (-40°C to 85°C, unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol		Conditions	V _{CCB} =2.5V ±0.2V(TYP)	V _{CCB} =3.3V ±0.2V(TYP)	V _{CCB} =5.0V ±0.2V(TYP)	Unit	
Propagation delay	+	A-to-B	Push-pull driving	1.44	2	2.28		
time high-to-low output	t _{PHL}	А-10-Б	Open-drain driving	15.1	14.8	14.4		
Propagation delay	+	A-to-B	Push-pull driving	2.89	3.46	4.17		
time low-to-high output	t _{PLH}	А-10-Б	Open-drain driving	132	104	71		
Propagation delay	t	B-to-A	Push-pull driving	1.28	1.57	1.12		
time high-to-low output	t _{PHL}	D-10-A	Open-drain driving	15.1	14.9	15.1		
Propagation delay	+	B-to-A	Push-pull driving	3.67	3.78	3.56		
time low-to-high output	t _{PLH}	D-10-A	Open-drain driving	72	57	36		
Enable time	t _{en}		OE-to-A or B		21	19		
Disable time	t _{dis}		OE-to-A or B	1250	1250	1250	ns	
Import vice times	t _{rA}	t _{rA}	A port	Push-pull driving	8.3	8.5	7.9	
Input rise time			ι _r A	۲A	rise time	Open-drain driving	123	90
Input rise time		B port	Push-pull driving	7.3	6.5	5.9		
input rise time	t _{rB}	rise time	Open-drain driving	123	98	68		
Innut fall time	+	A port	Push-pull driving	4.8	4.1	3.6		
Input fall time	t _{rA}	fall time	Open-drain driving	23	22	24		
Input fall time	+	B port	Push-pull driving	6.7	8.3	9		
input fan time	t _{rB}	fall time	Open-drain driving	21	22	20		
Skew(time), output	t _{SK(O)}	Chann	el-to-Channel Skew	0.5	0.5	0.5		
Maximum data rate		Pi	ush-pull driving	20	21	24	Mhaa	
waximum data rate		Open-drain driving		2	2	2	Mbps	

Switching Characteristics: $V_{ccA} = 1.8V \pm 0.15V$

Over recommended operating free-air temperature range (-40°C to 85°C, unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		V _{CCB} =2.5V ±0.2V(TYP)	V _{CCB} =3.3V ±0.2V(TYP)	V _{CCB} =5.0V ±0.2V(TYP)	Unit									
Propagation delay	+	A-to-B	A to D	Push-pull driving	2.76	3.32	4.24									
time high-to-low output	t _{PHL}	А-10-Б	Open-drain driving	26.1	26.4	26.6										
Propagation delay	+	A-to-B	Push-pull driving	5.3	4.4	3.96										
time low-to-high output	t _{PLH}	А-10-Б	Open-drain driving	221	183	143										
Propagation delay	+	B-to-A	Push-pull driving	2.32	2.56	2.72										
time high-to-low output	t _{PHL}	D-10-A	Open-drain driving	26.1	26.1	26.2										
Propagation delay	+	B-to-A	Push-pull driving	4.64	4.36	4.48	1									
time low-to-high output	t _{PLH}	D-10-A	Open-drain driving	173	89	66										
Enable time	t _{en}	OE-to-A or B		25	21	19										
Disable time	t _{dis}		OE-to-A or B	1250	125	1250	ns									
Innut rice times	t _{rA}	A port	Push-pull driving	6.9	6.1	5.6										
Input rise time		ι _{rA}	rise time	Open-drain driving	118	39	13									
In must might time of	t _{rB}	B port	Push-pull driving	5.8	4.8	4.1										
Input rise time		ι _{rB}	ι_{rB}	ι_{rB}	ι_{rB}	ι _{rB}	rise time	Open-drain driving	166	127	75					
Lunat Call dima	t _{rA}	A port	Push-pull driving	3.0	2.8	2.7										
Input fall time		ι _{rA}	ι_{rA}	ι _{rA}	ι _{rA}	ι_{rA}	t _{rA}	t _{rA}	ί _{rA}	t _{rA}	t _{rA} fal	fall time	Open-drain driving	1.9	1.7	1.6
Lumat Call dima		, B port	Push-pull driving	4.8	6.2	8.4										
Input fall time	t _{rB}	fall time	Open-drain driving	2.3	2.4	2.8										
Skew(time), output	t _{SK(O)}	Channel-to-Channel Skew		0.5	0.5	0.5										
Maximum data rate		Р	ush-pull driving	21	22	24	Mhac									
wiaximum data rate		Open-drain driving		2	2	2	Mbps									







Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 2.5V \pm 0.15V$

Over recommended operating free-air temperature range (-40°C to 85°C, unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		V _{CCB} =2.5V ±0.2V(TYP)	V _{CCB} =3.3V ±0.2V(TYP)	V _{CCB} =5.0V ±0.2V(TYP)	Unit				
Propagation delay	+	A-to-B	Push-pull driving	2.5	3.5	4.2					
time high-to-low output	t _{PHL}	А-ю-в	Open-drain driving	26.3	26.5	26.6					
Propagation delay	t	A-to-B	Push-pull driving	2.52	2.76	2.84					
time low-to-high output	t _{PLH}	А-ю-в	Open-drain driving	198	169	131					
Propagation delay	+	B-to-A	Push-pull driving	2.96	3.16	4.72					
time high-to-low output	t _{PHL}	D-10-A	Open-drain driving	26.4	26.5	26.6					
Propagation delay	+	B-to-A	Push-pull driving	1.84	1.6	1.04					
time low-to-high output	t _{PLH}	D-10-A	Open-drain driving	196	138	63					
Enable time	t _{en}	OE-to-A or B		24	20	17					
Disable time	t _{dis}	OE-to-A or B		1250	1250	1250	ns				
Innut rice time	t_{rA}	A port	Push-pull driving	3.4	2.9	2.7					
Input rise time		rise time	Open-drain driving	156	92	13					
Input rise time	t _{rB}	B port	Push-pull driving	4.7	3.5	2.7					
input rise time		ι _{rB}	ι _{rB}	$\iota_{ m rB}$	$\iota_{ m rB}$	ι _{rB}	rise time	Open-drain driving	160	124	81
In much for 11 diam a				+	A port	Push-pull driving	5.1	5.2	5.0		
Input fall time	t _{rA}	fall time	Open-drain driving	2.1	2.0	1.8					
In much for 11 diam a	nput fall time t _{rB}	B port fall time	Push-pull driving	5.0	6.4	8.7					
Input fall time			Open-drain driving	2.0	2.2	2.8					
Skew(time), output	t _{SK(O)}	Channel-to-Channel Skew		0.5	0.5	0.5					
Maximum data rate		Р	ush-pull driving	20	22	24	Mha -				
waximum data rate		Open-drain driving		2	2	2	Mbps				

Switching Characteristics: $V_{ccA} = 3.3V \pm 0.15V$

Over recommended operating free-air temperature range (-40°C to 85°C, unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol		Conditions	V _{CCB} =2.3V ±0.2V(TYP)	V _{CCB} =5.0V ±0.2V(TYP)	Unit
Propagation delay	+	A-to-B	Push-pull driving	4.16	5.04	
time high-to-low output	t _{PHL}	А-10-Б	Open-drain driving	26.4	26.6	
Propagation delay	+	A-to-B	Push-pull driving	3.1	2.4	
time low-to-high output	t _{PLH}	А-то-в	Open-drain driving	155	109	
Propagation delay	+	B-to-A	Push-pull driving	3.68	5.68	
time high-to-low output	t _{PHL}	D-10-A	Open-drain driving	26.5	26.7	
Propagation delay		D to A	Push-pull driving	1.88	1.28	
time low-to-high output	t _{PLH}	B-to-A	Open-drain driving	158	87	
Enable time	t _{en}		OE-to-A or B	19	15	
Disable time	t _{dis}	OE-to-A or B		1250	1250	ns
Turnet nine times		A port rise time	Push-pull driving	2.3	2.1	-
Input rise time	t _{rA}		Open-drain driving	117	48	
T		B port rise	Push-pull driving	3.0	2.4	
Input rise time	t _{rB}	time	Open-drain driving	117	75	
I. (C11.)		A port fall time	Push-pull driving	8.0	7.6	
Input fall time	t _{rA}		Open-drain driving	2.2	2.1	
X (C11)		B port fall	Push-pull driving	8.2	10.8	1
Input fall time	t_{rB}	time	Open-drain driving	2.1	2.4	
Skew(time), output	t _{SK(O)}	Channel-to-Channel Skew		0.5	0.5	
Manimum data mt		Push-pull driving		23	24	2.4
Maximum data rate		(Open-drain driving	2	2	Mbps







Switching Characteristics: $V_{ccA} = 5.0V \pm 0.15V$

Over recommended operating free-air temperature range (-40°C to 85°C, unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol		Conditions	V _{CCB} =5.0V±0.2V(TYP)	Unit	
Propagation delay	t _{PHL}	A-to-B	Push-pull driving	8.72		
time high-to-low output	LPHL	A-to-B	Open-drain driving	26.8		
Propagation delay	4	A-to-B	Push-pull driving	2		
time low-to-high output	t _{PLH}	A-10-B	Open-drain driving	155		
Propagation delay	4	B-to-A	Push-pull driving	8.04		
time high-to-low output	t _{PHL}	B-10-A	Open-drain driving	27.5		
Propagation delay	4	D to A	Push-pull driving	1.5		
time low-to-high output	t_{PLH}	B-to-A	Open-drain driving	160		
Enable time	t _{en}		OE-to-A or B	17		
Disable time	t _{dis}		OE-to-A or B	1250	ns	
T , T , T	t _{rA}	A port rise time	Push-pull driving	1.9		
Input rise time			Open-drain driving	105		
Innut rise times	t	B port rise time	Push-pull driving	2.3		
Input rise time	t_{rB}		Open-drain driving	95		
I. (C11)		A port fall	Push-pull driving	9.0	_	
Input fall time	t_{rA}	time	Open-drain driving	2.6		
	nput fall time t _{rB}	B port fall	Push-pull driving	8.9		
Input fall time		time	Open-drain driving	2.5		
Skew(time), output	t _{SK(O)}	Channel-to-Channel Skew		0.5		
		I	Push-pull driving	24	ЪЛ	
Maximum data rate		0	pen-drain driving	2	Mbps	







PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS:

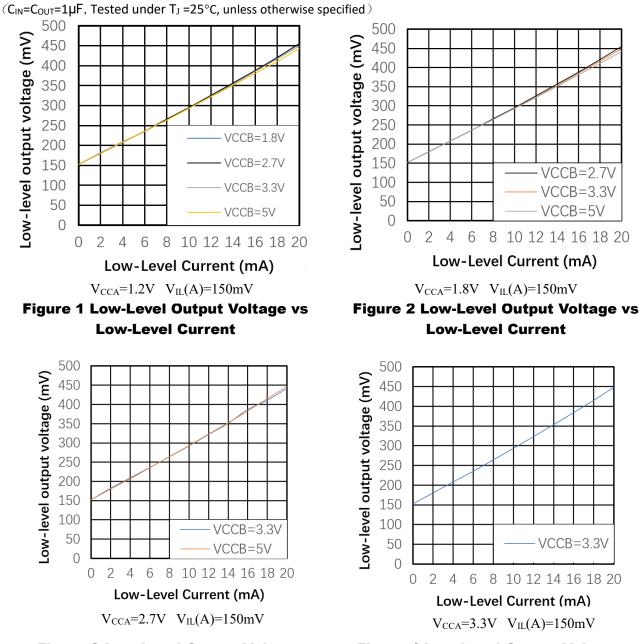


Figure 3 Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Current









Parameter Measurement Information

Unless otherwise noted, all input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:

- PRR 10MHz
- ZO = 50 Ω
- $dv / dt \ge 1 V / ns$

Note: All input pulses are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.

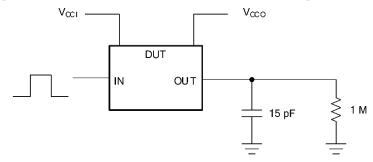


Figure 5 Data Rate, Pulse Duration, Propagation Delay, Output Rise and Fall Time Measurement Using A Push-Pull Driver

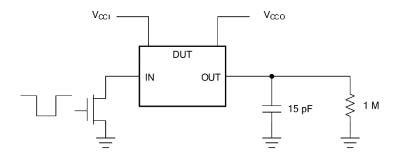


Figure 6 Data Rate, Pulse Duration, Propagation Delay, Output Rise and Fall Time Measurement Using an Open-Drain Driver

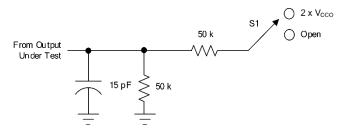


Figure 7 Load Circuit for Enable/Disable Time Measurement

Test	<u>\$1</u>
t _{PZL} /t _{PLZ}	$2 \times V_{CCO}$
t _{PHZ} /t _{PZH}	Open

Note:

[1] t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis} .

 $\left[2\right]t_{PZL}$ and t_{PZH} are the same as $t_{en}.$







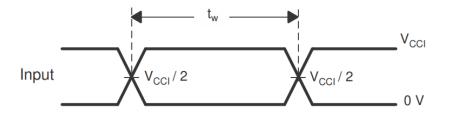


Figure 8 Voltage Waveforms Pulse Duration

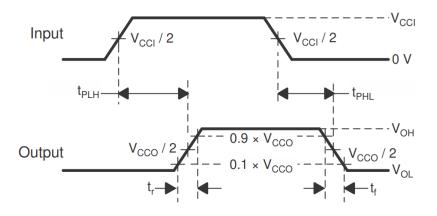


Figure 9 Voltage Waveforms Propagation Delay Times

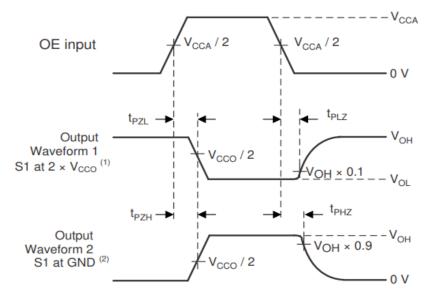


Figure 10 Voltage Waveforms Enable and Disable





DETAILED DESCRIPTION:

Overview

The GS0108 device is a directionless voltage-level translator specifically designed for translating logic voltage levels. The A port is able to accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.2V to 5.5V, while the B port can accept I/O voltages from 1.2V to 5.5V. The device is a pass-gate architecture with edge-rate accelerators (one-shots) to improve the overall data rate. 10kΩ pullup resistors, commonly used in open-drain applications, have been conveniently integrated so that an external resistor is not needed. While this device is designed for open-drain applications, the device can also translate push-pull CMOS logic outputs.

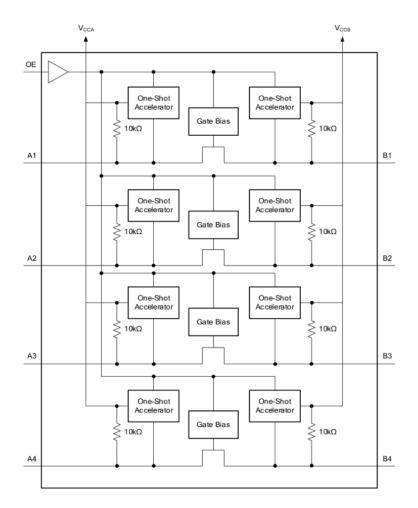


Figure 11 Function Block Diagram

Architecture

The GS0108 architecture is an auto-direction-sensing based translator that does not require a direction-control signal to control the direction of data flow from A to B or from B to A. These two bidirectional channels independently determine the direction of data flow without a direction-control signal. Each I/O pin can be automatically reconfigured as either an input or an output, which is how this auto-direction feature is realized.







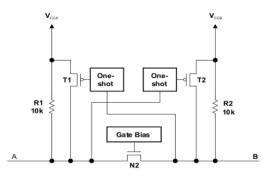


Figure 12 Architecture of a GS0108 Cell

The GS0108 employs two key circuits to enable this voltage translation:

- An N-channel pass-gate transistor topology that ties the A-port to the B-port.
- Output one-shot (O.S.) edge-rate accelerator circuitry to detect and accelerate rising edges on the A or B Ports.

Input Driver Requirements

The continuous dc-current "sinking" capability is determined by the external system-level open-drain (or push - pull) drivers that are interfaced to the GS0108 I/O pins. Since the high bandwidth of these bidirectional I/O circuits is used to facilitate this fast change from an input to an output and an output to an input, they have a modest dc-current "sourcing" capability of hundreds of micro-Amps, as determined by the internal $10k\Omega$ pullup resistors.

The fall time (t_{fA} , t_{fB}) of a signal depends on the edge-rate and output impedance of the external device driving GS0108 data I/Os, as well as the capacitive loading on the data lines.

Similarly, the t_{PHL} and max data rates also depend on the output impedance of the external driver. The values for t_{fA} , t_{fB} , t_{PHL} and maximum data rates in the data sheet assume that the output impedance of the external driver is less than 50 Ω .

Output Load Considerations

We recommend careful PCB layout practices with short PCB trace lengths to avoid excessive capacitive loading and to ensure that proper O.S. triggering takes place. PCB signal trace-lengths should be kept short enough such that the round-trip delay of any reflection is less than the one-shot duration. This improves signal integrity by ensuring that any reflection sees a low impedance at the driver. The O.S. circuits have been designed to stay on for approximately 30ns. The maximum capacitance of the lumped load that can be driven also depends directly on the one-shot duration. With very heavy capacitive loads, the one-shot can time-out before the signal is driven fully to the positive rail. The O.S. duration has been set to best optimize trade-offs between dynamic I_{CC}, load driving capability, and maximum bit-rate considerations. Both PCB trace length and connectors add to the capacitance that the GS0108 device output sees, so it is recommended that this lumped-load capacitance be considered to avoid O.S. retriggering, bus contention, output signal oscillations, or other adverse system-level affects.







Enable and Disable

The GS0108 device has an OE input that is used to disable the device by setting OE low, which places all I/Os in the Hi-Z state. The disable time (t_{dis}) indicates the delay between the time when OE goes low and when the outputs are disabled (Hi-Z). The enable time (t_{en}) indicates the amount of time the user must allow for the one-shot circuitry to become operational after OE is taken high.

Pullup or Pulldown Resistors on I/O Lines

Each A-port I/O has an internal $10k\Omega$ pullup resistor to V_{CCA} , and each B-port I/O has an internal $10k\Omega$ pullup resistor to V_{CCB} . If a smaller value of pullup resistor is required, an external resistor must be added from the I/O to V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} (in parallel with the internal $10k\Omega$ resistors). Adding lower value pull-up resistors will affect V_{OL} levels, however. The internal pull-ups of the GS0104 are disabled when the OE pin is low.

Application Information

The GS0108 device can be used to bridge the digital-switching compatibility gap between two voltage nodes to successfully interface logic threshold levels found in electronic systems. It should be used in a point-to-point topology for interfacing devices or systems operating at different interface voltages with one another. Its primary target application use is for interfacing with open-drain drivers on the data I/Os such as I2C or 1-wire, where the data is bidirectional and no control signal is available. The device can also be used in applications where a push-pull driver is connected to the data I/Os, but the GS0104 might be a better option for such push-pull applications.

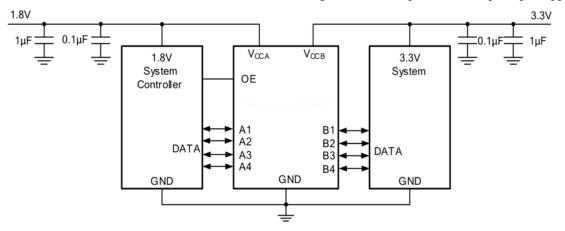


Figure 13 Typical Application Circuit

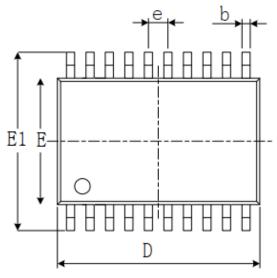


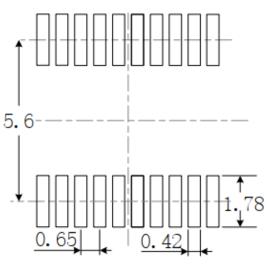




PACKAGE OUTLINE:

TSSOP20





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)





Symbol	Dimensions	In Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
A		1.200		0.047	
A1	0.050	0.150	0.002	0.006	
A2	0.800	1.050	0.031	0.041	
b	0.200	0.280	0.008	0.011	
с	0.130	0.170	0.005	0.007	
D	6.400	6.600	0.252	0.260	
E	4.300	4.500	0.169	0.177	
E1	6.200	6.600	0.244	0.260	
е	0.650	(BSC)	0.026(BSC)		
L	0.450	0.750	0.018	0.030	
н	0.250	(TYP)	0.010(TYP)		
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	



